id claiming to do so up to the sich sin the case of the New so legislation in respect of the Lon-ollowed in this Bill by limiting the

CATE tion affecting one only of the water ing purchased land originally out of pose of its water stipply, but which assed for that purpose, it claims to ctive of its water undertaking, and sing from that land to the use of its taking it into account as part of the ys to them on their capital. This redressed by Clauses 18 and 19:

lowing the example of all modern country, requires any of wanting to raise more share capital nd apply the premiums as capital, new shares, as they new do, among d putting the premiums into the

of the Bill and consideration of what local authority should be of opinion in the interest of the sometimers istice to the water companies, I am the Corporation will be glad of the

Parliament by your local authority. , your obedient servant, JOHN B. MONCKTON, Town Clerk.

a conference of delegates appointed estries and district boards was held Vestry Board-room, Peckham-road, ith London water supply. The chair . O. Whiteley, M.L.S.B. (Camberproceedings lasted three hours. The presented Bermondsey, Lambeth our's, Lewisham, Wandsworth, and

referring to the objects of the con-that, as the supply of water was not supply of air, it was an astounding ave been left to private enterprise so onden. He had no doubt but that supply would come under the control e repeated instances of difficulty in ply of water at free in South Lendon or that it claimed their immediate pect to the Dobbs judgment no one retell the result of it, but it was igraph had appeared in the papers, not he could not my, in which it ater companies were prepared to base atable and not on the gross value of objected to was not having to charge out to the way in which iproperty was could only get it assessed to their all that was required. (Laughter.) times which that conference should it the Dobbs decision had impressed with the fact that something would conclusion, he referred to the active Equire (Camberwell Vestry), through ition to the water question in South ce was due, and called upon him to

oce, having considered the provisions Water Acts, 1862 and 1871, and the companies in providing a constant is not to be obtained through com-r Themes as a source of supply, and fore recommends to the consideration ics the desirability of obtaining pure or by means of an independent supply ent of the representatives of the rate-

FAMILY RECORDS.

And Balance at the same

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES.

Bir I venture to ask you to give publishiy to my offer of £500 in prizes for extracts from the family records of competitors. I do so because it is important to all who may compete to be early acquainted with the fact and character of the offer.

I wish to encourage a liabit of preserving family records to enable pareirs to appreciate the various hereditary in finences converging upon their children, and also to obtain material for my own studies in heredity. Especially 1 hope to induce young married men with families to collect such plain facts as an elaborate consus might ask for concerning the parents, grandparents, uncles, aunts, &c., of themselves and their wives; also concerning their children. A little reflection will show that such an inquiry deals with many life-histories, and that the date must be methodically arranged to avoid confusion. I therefore planned the necessary tables for a single family, wrote explanations of them, and published the whole a fortnight ago in a thin, quarto book-" Record of Family Faculties" (Macmillan and Co.). Any one may get this book and fill it up on his own account without further reference to myself.

At this point I interpose my offer of prizes. The full conditions are printed on a fly-leaf inserted in the is Record, &c." The most important are extracted below:-

10 Mr. Francis Galton offers £500 in prizes to those British subjects resident in the United Kingdom who shall furnish him, before May 15, 1884, with the best extracts from their own family records.

"These extracts will be treated as confidential docu-ments, to be used for statistical purposes only, the insertion of names of persons and places being required solely as a guarantee of authenticity and to enable Mr. Galton to communicate with the writers in cases where further question may be necessary.

"The value of the extracts will be estimated by the degree in which they seem likely to facilitate the scientific investigations described in the preface to the Record of Family Faculties. More especially—(a) by including every direct accestor who stands within the limits of kinship there specified; (b) by including brief notices of the brothers and sisters (if any) of each of those ancestors. (Importaines will be attached both to the completeness with which each family of brothers and sisters is described, and also to the number of persons so described); (c) by the character of the evidence upon which the information is based; (d) by the clearness and conciseness with which the statements and remarks are made.
"The extracts must be sent prepaid and by post to F.

Galton, 42, Rutland-gate, London, S.W.

"The examination will be conducted by the donor of

prizes, aided by competent examiners. The value of the individual prizes cannot be fixed beforehand. No prize will, however, exceed £50 nor be less than £5, and £500 will, on the whole, be awarded."

I sincerely trust that my efforts to draw the attention of the public to the utility of family records will be taken in good part and in the spirit in which they are made.

Your obedient servant,

FRANCIS GALTON. January 8.

MR. CHANDERLAIN, M.P.—Yesterday Bailie Anderson, chairman of the Edinburgh United Liberal Association, received the following letter in reply to an invitation to Mr. Camberlain, M.P., to deliver a political ad-

To be Lientenants.—I from the West Yorkshire from Feb. 5, 1879; Lieut tet Regiment, dated Mar

The Queen has approved the Half-Pay BOMBAY .

Sargeon-Major Charles

3d Hrigade, Western I. chank Gostling resigns hi

id Bettellon, the Ro Lieut. Ronald Cannon yent, to be Lieutenant. Id Bettalion, the Ro; Boyle to be Major. Id Hattellon, the Ro; gent, to be Lieutenant. 4th Bettellon, the Ro Howel Lldyd-Mostyn to M. Hestellon, the East Thursby to be Captain. Sdi Battalion, the E. Smith is granted the hor

Smith is granted the hor Sd Battalion, the Welworth the resignation "Gazette" of 21st ult. wear the prescribed unit.
3d Battalion, the Openit, to be Lieutenand.
4th Battalion, the Sh

Hattslion, the Duke Captain F. 3d Buttalion, the Dur

Briefs is granted the he 2d Bettalion, the Q Allseir Alexander Stev

Doriet.—Capt. John I John Kenelm Wingfeld Glodpestershire.—Cap. of Major.

Hamphire.—Lieut. Ch. 24 West York.—Willi

PART
Chirard and Wilding
William-street, Blackbu
Hlastburn, tes dealers.
factoriers.—J. Charlton
— Engel and Newton
E. Darnton and Co., An
bedi Sallath, and Co., (
metaliants.—Buckler at
Streed, wool brokers.—
waist inanufacturers.—
button manufacturers a outton manufacturers a chester, merchants; as Batron, Oit Eivet, Durk land Wood-street, City, chester, merchants.—L chestor, merchants—indige and commission drysafters.—Woodhead Rosanteld, and Co., St. chapt. L. Kenyon and Co., Co. Exchange, Cit. Baltiside and Railway Bankale and Ballway.
Sharly Brothers, Car.
Gashell and Co. Bol
mer and While, Ste
Barhiran, bicycle manu
gadhin, City, stockbro
B. K. Goldsmid and
W. Watkins and W. S.
C. Buts, Shaffeld, sur
could brokers—J. L.
charles—J. and C.W.
— Reubenson and Colo
furfiels.—Hannett, Cau
ral, furnishers.—Capon raiding Hannetz, Can raiding inhura.—Capon and jedment merchant Myndemrord, Yorkshir. with Kenh and Grava, Gristian-street, City, Newton and Taylor, Leventhal Oity, hotelbesper bonneth, gardenera.—C. alogues, taking eye of stars here and ifferential measurenining the positions the practicability of as cetablished, and best mode of carryourse of the autumn)irector of the Paris e that in response the admirable star everal of the astrosuggested that it conomers of various to taking concerted complete map of the cordingly to obtain the Royal Society as onference; and as it l should be favourthat the conference d it would be necesmomers who live in reply was requested. Mouches's object to after the recess, I ur Fellows specially eceiving their replies at under the circums in the name of the ggestion, explaining the understanding, ance with his intenbt attend the conferdged to the adoption MM. Henry, but open to discus-ad done to the recess, I obtained In these photohibited of the power ce of objects wholly s of the Pleiades was which cannot be seen ifference of power of ith the eye an object creas with the plate, light, feebleness of th of exposure. But nly persons who have cation of the stars. who has sent us some aphs obtained by his Cape Observatory, avens of the southern as to include the " Durchmusterung" subsequently reduce mplete Argelander's southern hemisphere. is nobly undertaken ars to superintending proposal before the aving regard to the the probability of a rtly held in Paris to ne Hoyal Society that take the subject into acted on this suggesurope in the spring, consult him personally. been awarded to the aber, Professor Franz in theoretical optics s earlier years treated ialf a century ago, he light. Freenel had, with is celebrated laws of ! transverse vibrations. iynamical theory which

and Neumann, inde-

Schnster, Ph. D., and Philip Lutley Eciator, M.A. At the anniversary dinner in the evening, Mr. FRANCIS GALTON, in returning thanks for the toast of " The Gold Medallists," said :- It is expected on these occasions that the recipient of a Royal medal should become egotistical and give some account of the influences that moulded his scientific career. I am very glad that I can do so briefly. To me, the first determining influence was a youthful spirit of adventure that goaded me explore South Africa. I started in 1850 with abundant moral support from the Geographical Society, and succeeded, among other things, in being the first to traverse Damaraland, that country which has recently fallen under the protection of Germany, and where I saw enough of savage races to give me material to think about all the rest of my life. Shortly after returning home one of the gold medals of the Geographical Society was awarded to me. I was elected a member of their council and then their honorary secretary, in which capacity I energetically occupied myself in furthering new expeditions, in planning instrumental equipments, and devising arts of travel. It was a heyday time for explorers. Almost the whole of Central Africa and Australia was unknown; historical Asiatic geography was little known and largely misunderstood. Steamships and new methods of sledging gave hope of an unlimited range to Arctic discovery. There was in every direction what Americans would call a great "buom" of travel. For the part I had played in all this, I had the honeur of being elected a Fellow of the Royal Society in 1860. The ethnological aspects of geography now began to attract me more than the physical ones. It was about this time that the fact dawned on scientific men that the key to the origin of society among civilized nations and to many of their unexplained customs was to be found in the habits of con-temporary barbarians. I can assure you, as a specialist in heredity, that I am not speaking without reason when I say that qualities which I seem to have inherited through two of my grandparents gradually yielded precedence to those that I certainly inherited from the other two. Recollect, please, that this medal is awarded to me for "statistical inquiries into biological phenomena." I can account fully both for the statistics and the biology. You must, please, allow me the pleasure of dissecting myself. On my father's side, I know of many most striking, some truly comic, instances of statistical proclivity. I have in my possession many pounds weight of ruled memoranda books, severally allotted to almost every conceivable household purpose, which belonged to an aged female relative who died years ago. I also reckon at least five other remarkable instances of a love of tabulation within two degrees of kinship from myself. Again, as regards biology, I am sure there is a similarity between the form of the bent of my mind and that of my mother's father, Dr. Erasmus Darwin. The resemblance chiefly lies in a streng disposition to generalize upon every-day matters that commonly pass unnoticed. I have myself attempted some of the very inquiries to which he had drawn attention, in complete unconsciousness that he had done so. It was owing to this hereditary bent of mind that I was well prepared to assimilate the theories of Charles Darwin when they first appeared in his "Origin of Species." Few can have been more profoundly influenced than I was by his publications. They enlarged the horizon of my ideas. I drew from them the breath of a fuller scientific life, and I owe more of my later scientific impulses to the influences of Charles Darwin than I can easily express. I rarely approached his genial presence without an almost overwhelming sense of devotion and reverence, and I valued his encouragement and approbation more, perhaps, than that of the whole world besides. This is the simple outline of my scientific history. I conclude by assuring you of the pleasure I have in the thought that this medal is a new bond, literally a golden bond, to connect me even more firmly than before with the Royal Society.

THE ROYAL ALBERT HALL.

Yesterday a special meeting of the Royal Albert Hall Corporation was held in the west theatre of the hall to

night of Wednesday, the 15th inst., and tast on inst. the Stocks will be transferable on dividend. T will be PAID to the stockholders personally or to the London and Westminster Bank (Limited), Lothburgh and the London and Westminster Bank (Limited). dend warrants can be forwarded by pest to stock within the United Kingdom at their risk, Forms of remission of dividend warrants by post can be obtained and Westminster Bank, Limited.

For the London and Westminster Bank (Limited London and Westminster Bank) (Limited London and Westminster Bank)

London, let December, 1881.

TURES. -The Agent-General for New Sout TURES.—The Agent-General for New Sout gives notice, that the London and Westminster liank bury, R.C., will PAY, on and after the 1st January 1 VEAR'S INTEREST, due in London on that date, o issued by the Government of New South Wales.

Coupons and claims for interest must be left three examination, and forms for specifying the same may cation at the Bank.

HAULSAMUEL, Agent-General for Net

New South Wales Government offices, 5, Westmins London, S. W., 1st December, 1886.

TEW SOUTH WALES GOVERN BENTURES for £1,000,000, issued under the Act, 31 Vict., No. 11, of the Colonial Legislature.—Westminster Bank (Limited), as agents for the Golfonth Wales, hereby give notice, that the FIFTEE! DRAWING of £70,00) of the above DEBENTURE will take place in conformity with the reserve of the conformity with the reserve of the conformity will take place in conformity. will take place (in conformity with the terms of the sat the offices of the said Bank, No. 41. Lothbury, in don, on Monday, the 13th day of December next, holders of the above Debentures are eatitled and

For the London and Westminster, Bank (L London, November 8, 1836.

BONDS due on the lat January west, and the the same date, will be PAID by the National San No. 149, Leadenball-street, on and after that date, o'clock; Saturdays between 12 and 1 o'clock. The Bo then due must be left at the office of the undersig clear days for examination, and will be received from

It will be a convenience to the Agent-General if B send in their coupons during the first and second we The Lists to accompany the above can now be ob tion either at the National Bank of Australasia street, or at this office. ARTHUB BLYTH, Agent-General for

of South Australia. No. 8, Victoria-chambers, Westminster, December

QUEENSLAND OLONY Queensland National Bank, Limited, will Palist proximo the HALF-YEAR'S INTEREST, due lst proximo the HALF-YEAR'S INTEREST, due
the DEBENTURES, issued under authority of
Colonial Legislature, 29th Vic., No. 24; 34th Vic.,
No. 24; 35th Vic., No. 8; 40th Vic., No. 19;
42d Vic., No. 10; 43d Vic., No. 6, if endorsed pr
also on those Debentures of the Loans of 18;
Vic., No. 8; and 46th Vic., No. 16i, which haverted into Inscribed Stocks.

The Coupons must in
days for examination. days for examination.

R. D. BUCHA
No. 29, Lombard-street, E.C., 1st December, 1836.

Napier Harbour Board, will PAY on and affist January next, the HALF-YEARLY INTER date on the above Loan, at their office, No. 4, To between the hours of 11 and 2 o'clock (Saturdays 1 must be last four asymmetries and 2 o'clock (Saturdays 1 must be last four asymmetries and allows above the four asymmetries and allows asymmetries. must be left for examination two clear days before of specification can be had on application.
PRIDEAUX SE

The Bank of Australasia, Nov. 30, 1886.

NEW ZEALAND SIX per CENT. GO
LOAN. Authorized by New Zealand Local
HALF-YEAR'S INTEREST due the 15th Decen PAID on and after that date at the offices of the the Colonies, Downing-street, London, S.W.

The Coupons must be left for examination (bet-

10 and 3 o'clock, Baturdays before 1) three clear day being made. They will be received any day on and lat December, 1386.

W KSTERN AUSTRALIA INSTRIBED STOCK .- The Crown Agent y INBITKIBED STOCK.—The Crown Agent give notice, that, in order to prepare the half-year abovementioned stock due on the 15th Ja BALANCES of the several ACCOUNTS will be night of Wednesday, the 15th December, 1836. On and after Thursday, the 16th December, Transferable ex dividend.

Int December, 1536.

PROVINCE of BRITISH COLUM CENT. LOAN, 1877.—The Bank of British Con and after let January naxt, the HALF-YKAR' let January, 1887, on the Debentures, issued Columbia Loan Act, 1877. The interest coupons to olear days for examination, and forms for specifying had on application at the Bank of British Colu